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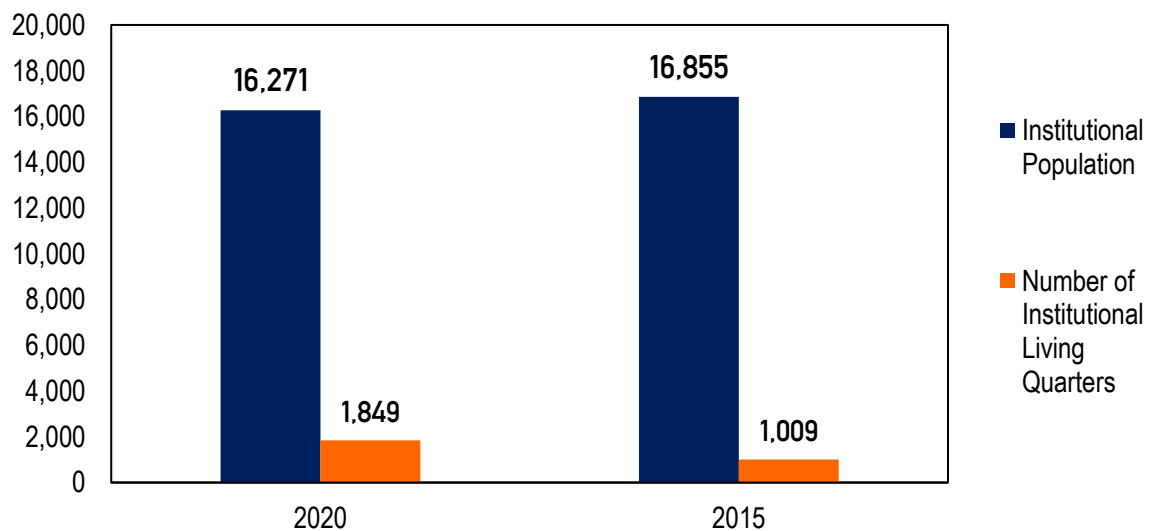
Institutional Population of the MIMAROPA Region based from the 2020 Census of Population and Housing

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Institutional population decreases by 584

As of 01 May 2020, the institutional population reached 16,271 persons, or 0.50 percent of the region's total population of 3,228,558 persons. This figure is 584 persons or 3.46 percent lower than the 16,855 institutional population posted in 2015. The number of institutional living quarters (ILQs) rose by 840 or 83.25 percent from 1,009 in 2015 to 1,849 in 2020. (Figure 1)

Figure 1. Institutional Population and Number of Institutional Living Quarters, MIMAROPA Region: 2020 and 2015



Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing* and *2015 Census of Population*

The total number of ILQs and institutional population translated to an average of 8.80 persons or institutional population per ILQ. This is lower than the average of 16.70 persons per ILQ in 2015.



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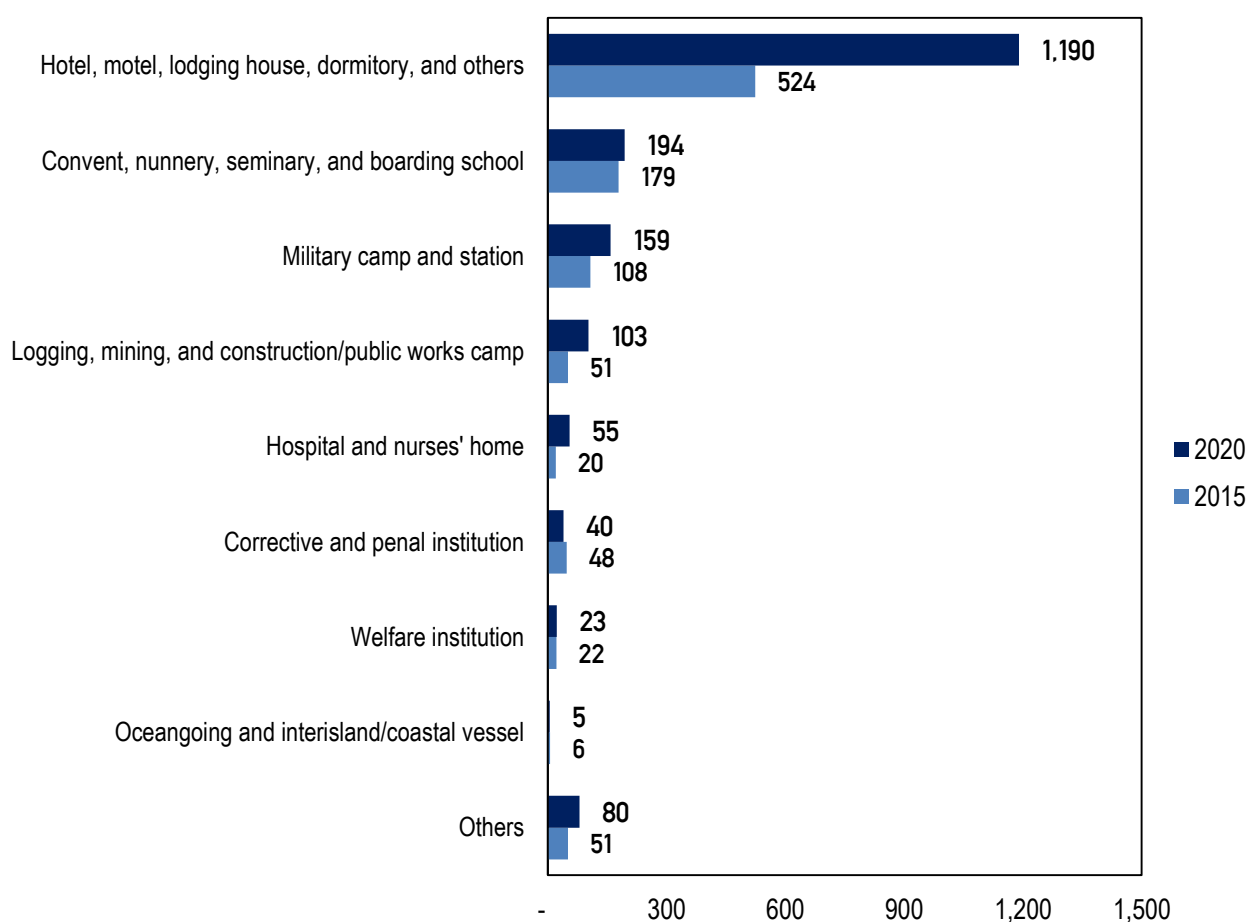


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Nearly two in every three ILQs are of residential type

Hotels, motels, lodging houses, and dormitories consistently comprised the largest number of ILQs in the country in 2015 and 2020. This type of ILQ accounted for 1,190 (64.36 percent) of the total 1,849 ILQs in 2020. Convents, nunneries, seminaries, and boarding schools came in next with 194 ILQs or 10.49 percent, followed by military camps and stations with 159 ILQs or 8.60 percent. (Figure 2 and Table A)

Figure 2. Number of Institutional Living Quarters by Type of Institutional Population, MIMAROPA Region: 2020 and 2015

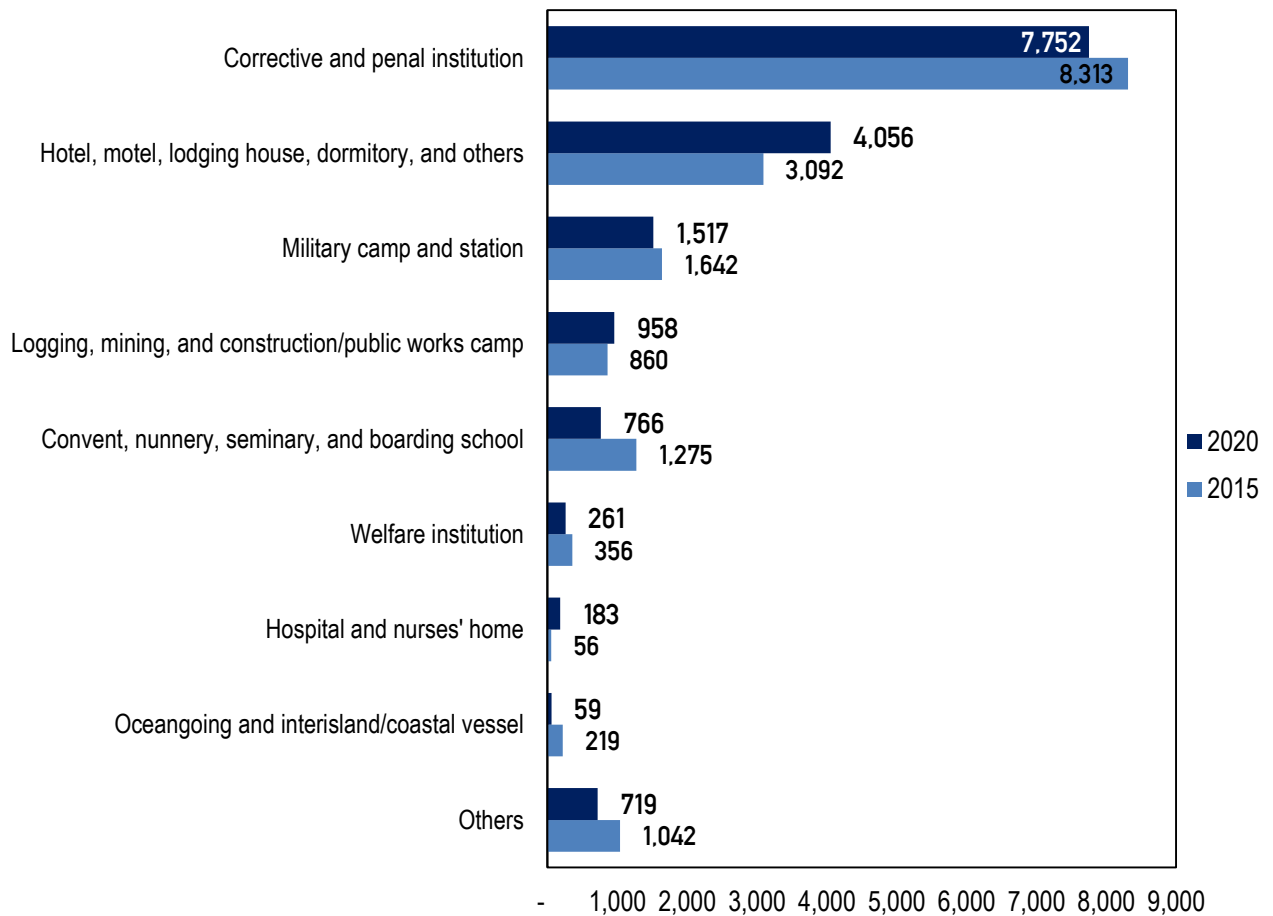


Sources: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing and 2015 Census of Population*

Nearly half of the institutional population reside in corrective and penal institutions

Among 16,271 institutional population in the MIMAROPA Region, there were 7,752 persons (47.64 percent) resided in corrective and penal institutions. Residents in hotels, motels, lodging houses, and dormitories was next with 4,056 persons (24.93 percent), followed by those residing in military camps and stations with 1,517 persons (9.32 percent). These were also the top three most numerous institutional population in 2015. (Figure 3 and Table A)

Figure 3. Number of Resident Population by Type of Institutional Living Quarter, MIMAROPA Region: 2020 and 2015

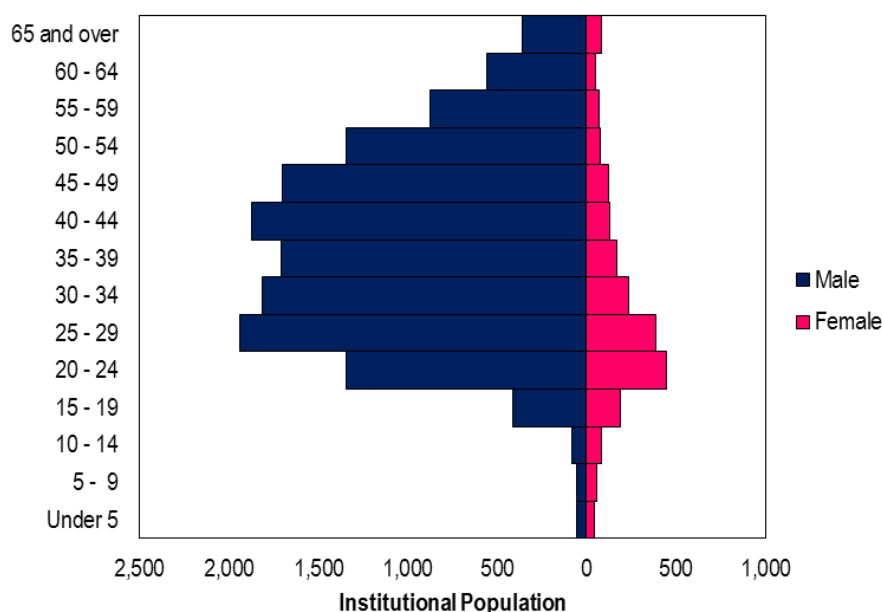


Eight in every nine ILQ residents are male

In 2020, eight in every nine persons residing in ILQs or 86.77 percent were males while 13.23 percent were females. This resulted in a sex ratio of 656 males per 100 females.

Majority or 91.20 percent of the institutional population belong to the age group of 15 to 59 years. The rest of the institutional population were aged 0 to 14 years (2.33 percent) and 60 years and over (6.47 percent). More males were seen living in ILQs that belonged to the age group 15 to 59 years and 60 years and over with a sex ratio of 713 males per 100 females, and 680 males per 100 females, respectively. (Figure 4 and Table B)

Figure 4. Age-Sex Pyramid of the Institutional Population of MIMAROPA Region: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing*

Meanwhile, females outnumbered males among institutional population whose age is 0 to 14 years old, as the sex ratio for this age group was 97 males for every 100 females.

Table 1. Institutional Population, Percent Distribution by Sex, and Sex Ratio by Type of Institutional Living Quarter (ILQ), MIMAROPA Region: 2020

Type of ILQ	Institutional Population	Percent Distribution		Sex Ratio
		Male	Female	
All ILQs	16,271	86.77	13.23	656
Hotel, motel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	4,056	72.09	27.91	258
Hospital and nurses' home	183	48.63	51.37	95
Welfare institution	261	57.47	42.53	135
Corrective and penal institution	7,752	97.97	2.03	4,838
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	766	56.27	43.73	129
Military camp and station	1,517	95.65	4.35	2,198
Logging, mining, and construction / public works camp	958	94.36	5.64	1,674
Oceangoing and interisland / coastal vessel	59	81.36	18.64	436
Others	719	73.16	26.84	273

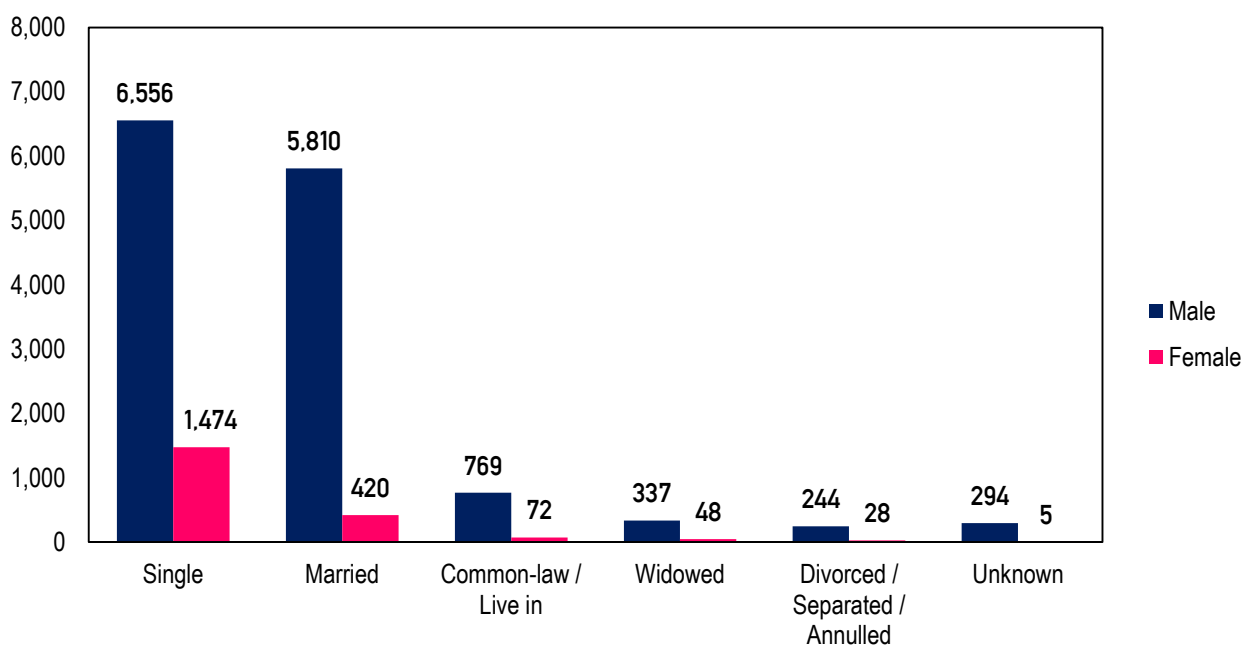
Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing*

In 2020, males outnumbered females in all types of ILQs, except in hospital and nurses' home, where females accounted for 51.37 percent while males comprised 48.63 percent, or a sex ratio of 95 males for every 100 females. (Table 1 and Table A)

Half of the institutional population are never married

One in every two or 50.01 percent of the 16,057 ILQ residents aged 10 years and over, was never married while 38.80 percent was married. Males outnumbered females on these marital status such that males got a share of 81.64 percent among never married institutional population and 93.26 percent share among married institutional population. (Figure 5 and Table D)

Figure 5. Institutional Population 10 Years Old and Over by Marital Status and Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing*

The rest of the institutional population 10 years old and over was categorized as follows: in common-law/live-in marital arrangement (5.24 percent), widowed (2.40 percent), and divorced/separated/annulled (1.69 percent). In each of these marital statuses, nine out of ten persons residing in ILQs were males; that is, male accounted for the 91.44 percent among those with common-law/live-in marital arrangement, 87.53 percent of widowed institutional population and 89.71 percent of institutional population who were divorced, separated or annulled.

Two in every five ILQ residents has reached at most high school level


Nearly two fifths or 38.20 percent of the institutional population five years old and over had reached or completed at most high school level while 30.65 percent had attended or graduated at most elementary level. Eight out of nine or 88.86 percent of the ILQ residents who attained at most high school level were males. Similarly males accounted for the 95.56 percent of the institutional population who attended or graduated at most elementary level. (Table 2 and Table E)

Table 2. Institutional Population Five Years Old and Over, and Percent Distribution by Highest Grade/Year Completed and by Sex, MIMAROPA Region: 2020

Highest Grade/Year Completed	Institutional Population	Percent Distribution		Sex Ratio
		Male	Female	
Total	16,171	86.98	13.02	656
No grade completed	357	95.52	4.48	2,131
Early Childhood Education	28	60.71	39.29	155
SPED	22	100.00	0.00	-
Elementary	4,955	95.56	4.44	2,152
High School	6,156	88.86	11.14	797
Post-Secondary	176	84.09	15.91	529
Short-Cycle Tertiary	218	82.57	17.43	474
Baccalaureate/College Undergraduate	1,491	81.22	18.78	433
Baccalaureate/College Graduate	2,531	70.96	29.04	244
Post Baccalaureate	130	53.85	46.15	117
Not reported	107	70.09	29.91	234

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Baccalaureate/college undergraduates and baccalaureate/college degree holders comprised 9.22 percent and 15.65 percent, respectively, of the total ILQ residents aged five years and over. Four out of five or 81.22 percent of the region's institutional population who were college undergraduates were males. Moreover, seven out of ten or 70.96 percent of all ILQ residents in the region who obtained a college degree were males.

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OHG/RRL

TECHNICAL NOTES

I. Introduction

The Philippine Statistics Authority conducted the 2020 Census of Population and Housing (2020 CPH) in September 2020, with 01 May 2020 as reference date.

The 2020 CPH was the 15th census of population and 7th census of housing that was undertaken in the Philippines since the first census in 1903. It was designed to take inventory of the total population and housing units in the country and collect information about their characteristics.

The Philippine Standard Geographic Codes as of April 2022 was used for the disaggregation of geographic levels of the 2020 CPH.

II. Definition of Terms and Concepts

Most of the operational definitions and concepts adopted in 2020 CPH have also been used in past censuses of population. The use of the same operational definitions of terms and concepts and adherence to national and international standards in population censuses aimed at ensuring the comparability of census results across different census years and census data of other countries. Enumerators of the 2020 CPH were instructed to adhere strictly to these operational definitions.

All persons were enumerated in their **usual place of residence**, which refers to the geographic place (street, sitio/purok, barangay, city/municipality or province) where the person usually resides. As a rule, a person's usual place of residence is the place where he/she sleeps most of the time. Hence, it may be the same as or different from the place where he/she was found at the time of the census.

Institutional living quarter (ILQ) is a structurally separate and independent place of abode intended for habitation by large groups of individuals (10 or more). Such a quarter usually has certain common facilities such as a kitchen and dining room, toilet and bath, and lounging area which are shared by the occupants. Occupants of an ILQ are usually subject to a common authority or management or are bound by either a common public objective or a common personal interest.

In the 2020 CPH, only the following ILQs which were in operation at the time of the census were listed:

1. Hotel, motel, inn, dormitory, pension house, and other lodging house which provide lodging on a fee basis,
2. Hospital, sanitarium, and rehabilitation center,
3. Orphanage and home for the aged,
4. Seminary, convent, boarding school, and other religious training centers,
5. Corrective and penal institution,
6. Military camp and barrack,
7. Logging, mining, and construction/public work camp, and
8. Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel at port.

Institutional population comprises of persons who are found living in ILQs. They may have their own families or households elsewhere but at the time of the census, they are committed or confined in ILQ, wherein they are usually subject to a common authority or management, or bound by either a common public objective or a common personal interest.

The following persons are to be considered as members of the institutional population:

1. Permanent lodger in a boarding house,
2. Dormitory resident who does not usually go home to his/her household at least once a week,
3. Hotel resident who has stayed in the hotel for more than six (6) months at the time of the census,
4. Boarders in a residential house provided that their number is 10 or more. If the number of boarders in a housing unit is less than 10, they will be considered as members of a regular household, not of the ILQ.
5. Patient in a hospital who is confined for more than six (6) months,
6. Patient confined in a mental hospital and drug rehabilitation center, regardless of the length of his/her confinement,
7. Ward in an orphanage, home for the aged, and other welfare institutions,
8. Prisoner in a corrective and penal institution,
9. Seminarian, nun, monk, and postulant,
10. Soldier in a military camp that stayed for more than six (6) months, and
11. Worker in a mining and similar camp that stayed more than six (6) months.

The following persons are not considered as members of the institutional population and should be included in the households to which they belong:

1. Military official/enlisted man or draftee and members of his/her household who has a housing unit within a military installation or camp,
2. Manager and members of his/her household of dormitory, hotel, hospital, and others, who occupies and regularly uses as his/her place of abode a living quarter in the institution that he/she manages,
3. Priest, Pastor or Imam who, together with his/her relatives and/or household help, occupies and regularly uses as his/her place of abode a living quarter in the church or seminary.

Sex is the biological and physiological reality of being a male or female.

Age refers to the interval of time between the person's date of birth and his/her last birthday prior to the census reference date. It is expressed in completed years or whole number.

Age-sex structure is the composition of a population as determined by the number or proportion of males and females in each age category. The age-sex structure of a population is the cumulative result of past trends in fertility, mortality, and migration. Information on age-sex composition is essential for the description and analysis of many other types of demographic data.

Population pyramid is a bar chart, arranged vertically, that shows the distribution of a population by age and sex. By convention, the younger ages are at the bottom, with males on the left and females on the right.

Sex ratio is the number of males per one hundred females in a population.

Marital status refers to the personal status of each individual with reference to the marriage laws or customs of the country. It is the same as civil status, the term usually used in official and private records, documents, transactions, and others, in the country. For the 2020 CPH, the person's marital status was as of the date of the visit. The following were the categories used for marital status:

- *Single* – person who has never been married.
- *Married* – person married in a religious, civil ceremony or tribal rite, either living with his/her spouse at the time of visit or temporarily living apart because his/her spouse is employed elsewhere (as in the case of a person whose spouse is an overseas worker or one who works with the Armed Forces and residing somewhere else).
- *Widowed* – married person whose spouse died and who has not married up to the time of visit.

- *Divorced/separated* – person who is permanently separated from his/her spouse, legally or through mutual consent. This is also applicable to a person whose marriage with another person has been annulled or dissolved and can, therefore, remarry.
- *Common-law / live-in* – person cohabiting or living consensually with another person as husband and wife without the benefit of a legal marriage.
- *Unknown* – person whose marital status is unknown to the respondent, or whose marital status is being concealed by the respondent/person himself/herself.

Highest grade/year completed refers to the highest grade or year completed in school, college, or university as of May 1, 2020. This may be any one of the specific grades or years in elementary, high school, K to 12 Program, and college. It may also be special needs education program, second-chance education program, or any of the post-secondary, short-cycle tertiary, college, and post baccalaureate courses. A person's highest grade/year completed was categorized as follows:

- No grade completed (did not undergo formal schooling),
- Preschool,
- Inclusive/Special Needs Education (SPED) Program,
- Elementary,
- High school,
- Post-secondary,
- Short-cycle tertiary,
- Baccalaureate/College undergraduate,
- Baccalaureate/College graduate,
- Post baccalaureate (Master's and doctoral degree students and graduates both fell under this category; also included here were students in law or medical school, as well as students who were still working on their master's degree, taking doctoral studies, and those who had already completed their master's or doctoral degree).

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table A. Number of Institutional Living Quarters and Their Resident Population by Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020 and 2015

Year and Type of Institutional Population	Number of Institutional Living Quarters	Institutional Population		
		Both Sexes	Male	Female
2020				
All Institutional Living Quarters	1,849	16,271	14,118	2,153
Hotel, motel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	1,190	4,056	2,924	1,132
Hospital and nurses' home	55	183	89	94
Welfare institution	23	261	150	111
Corrective and penal institution	40	7,752	7,595	157
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	194	766	431	335
Military camp and station	159	1,517	1,451	66
Logging, mining, and construction/public works camp	103	958	904	54
Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel	5	59	48	11
Others	80	719	526	193
2015				
All Institutional Living Quarters	1,009	16,855	14,202	2,653
Hotel, motel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	524	3,092	1,655	1,437
Hospital and nurses' home	20	56	33	23
Welfare institution	22	356	179	177
Corrective and penal institution	48	8,313	8,149	164
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	179	1,275	794	481
Military camp and station	108	1,642	1,602	40
Logging, mining, and construction/public works camp	51	860	791	69
Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel	6	219	211	8
Others	51	1,042	788	254

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *2020 Census of Population and Housing*

Table B. Institutional Population by Residence Status, Age Group, and Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020

Residence Status and Sex	Institutional Population	Age Group (in years)													
		Under 5	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 - 39	40 - 44	45 - 49	50 - 54	55 - 59	60 - 64	65 and over
Both sexes															
All residence status	16,271	100	114	165	603	1,790	2,324	2,050	1,881	2,007	1,819	1,417	948	610	443
Manager, director, person in-charge	646	-	-	-	4	46	89	102	89	66	65	65	65	27	28
Staff member/employee, including physician and nurse	3,901	-	-	-	118	711	863	635	525	429	295	177	85	45	18
Officer/enlisted man, trainee	1,247	-	-	-	13	188	456	295	138	100	36	21	-	-	-
Officer/crew member in a merchant vessel	24	-	-	-	5	7	4	2	-	1	3	1	1	-	-
Priest, seminarian, nun, postulant	442	-	-	17	91	59	29	32	31	33	29	34	24	24	39
Lodger or boarder	1,230	35	36	43	186	316	186	107	107	74	43	37	23	11	26
Patient in hospital, sanitarium, and others	39	4	3	1	-	7	8	4	2	2	2	-	2	-	4
Ward in home for the aged, orphanage, welfare institution, and others	236	37	37	34	91	24	2	4	3	2	2	-	-	-	-
Prisoner/detainee	7,691	-	-	-	42	335	564	762	894	1,235	1,283	1,054	725	485	312
Others	815	24	38	70	53	97	123	107	92	65	61	28	23	18	16
Male															
All residence status	14,118	53	55	79	413	1,344	1,936	1,816	1,710	1,874	1,699	1,343	878	560	358
Manager, director, person in-charge	455	-	-	-	3	29	58	75	66	53	44	53	50	15	9
Staff member/employee, including physician and nurse	3,090	-	-	-	83	496	653	518	448	376	249	153	69	34	11
Officer/enlisted man, trainee	1,183	-	-	-	13	171	426	287	135	98	34	19	-	-	-
Officer/crew member in a merchant vessel	21	-	-	-	3	7	4	1	-	1	3	1	1	-	-
Priest, seminarian, nun, postulant	257	-	-	8	56	34	18	19	21	21	18	20	12	14	16
Lodger or boarder	774	17	21	24	107	185	118	77	75	58	33	28	15	8	8
Patient in hospital, sanitarium, and others	27	4	-	-	-	7	8	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	3
Ward in home for the aged, orphanage, welfare institution, and others	139	19	14	11	71	19	2	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Prisoner/detainee	7,541	-	-	-	41	320	546	740	874	1,205	1,265	1,048	716	480	306
Others	631	13	20	36	36	76	103	95	89	61	52	21	15	9	5
Female															
All residence status	2,153	47	59	86	190	446	388	234	171	133	120	74	70	50	85
Manager, director, person in-charge	191	-	-	-	1	17	31	27	23	13	21	12	15	12	19
Staff member/employee, including physician and nurse	811	-	-	-	35	215	210	117	77	53	46	24	16	11	7
Officer/enlisted man, trainee	64	-	-	-	-	17	30	8	3	2	2	2	-	-	-
Officer/crew member in a merchant vessel	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Priest, seminarian, nun, postulant	185	-	-	9	35	25	11	13	10	12	11	14	12	10	23
Lodger or boarder	456	18	15	19	79	131	68	30	32	16	10	9	8	3	18
Patient in hospital, sanitarium, and others	12	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	1	2	-	2	-	1
Ward in home for the aged, orphanage, welfare institution, and others	97	18	23	23	20	5	-	2	3	2	1	-	-	-	-
Prisoner/detainee	150	-	-	-	1	15	18	22	20	30	18	6	9	5	6
Others	184	11	18	34	17	21	20	12	3	4	9	7	8	9	11

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table C. Institutional Population by Residence Status, Type of Institutional Living Quarter, and Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020

Type of Institutional Living Quarter and Sex	Institutional Population	Residence Status									
		Manager / Director, Person-in-Charge	Staff Member / Employee	Officer / Enlisted Man / Trainee	Officer / Crew Member in a Merchant Vessel	Priest / Seminarian / Nun / Postulant	Lodger / Boarder	Patient (Hospital, Sanitarium, and Others)	Ward (Home for the Aged, Orphanage, Welfare Institution)	Prisoner / Detainee	Others
Both sexes											
All Institutional Living Quarters	16,271	646	3,901	1,247	24	442	1,230	39	236	7,691	815
Hotel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	4,056	370	2,344	-	-	-	1,153	-	-	-	189
Hospital and nurses' home	183	12	94	-	-	11	-	37	-	-	29
Welfare institution	261	9	22	-	-	2	-	-	223	-	5
Corrective and penal institution	7,752	27	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,691	9
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	766	48	111	-	-	428	34	-	-	-	145
Military camp and station	1,517	51	141	1,204	-	1	-	-	-	-	120
Logging, mining, and construction/public works camp	958	87	617	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	254
Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel	59	2	25	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	10
Others	719	40	522	43	2	-	43	2	13	-	54
Male											
All Institutional Living Quarters	14,118	455	3,090	1,183	21	257	774	27	139	7,541	631
Hotel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	2,924	241	1,837	-	-	-	730	-	-	-	116
Hospital and nurses' home	89	7	25	-	-	5	-	25	-	-	27
Welfare institution	150	5	9	-	-	2	-	-	133	-	1
Corrective and penal institution	7,595	23	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,541	9
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	431	21	72	-	-	249	18	-	-	-	71
Military camp and station	1,451	49	133	1,149	-	1	-	-	-	-	119
Logging, mining, and construction/public works camp	904	81	576	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	247
Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel	48	1	23	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	3
Others	526	27	393	34	-	-	26	2	6	-	38
Female											
All Institutional Living Quarters	2,153	191	811	64	3	185	456	12	97	150	184
Hotel, lodging house, dormitory, and others	1,132	129	507	-	-	-	423	-	-	-	73
Hospital and nurses' home	94	5	69	-	-	6	-	12	-	-	2
Welfare institution	111	4	13	-	-	-	-	-	90	-	4
Corrective and penal institution	157	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	150	-
Convent, nunnery, seminary, and boarding school	335	27	39	-	-	179	16	-	-	-	74
Military camp and station	66	2	8	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Logging, mining, and construction/public works camp	54	6	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7
Oceangoing and interisland/coastal vessel	11	1	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	7
Others	193	13	129	9	2	-	17	-	7	-	16

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table D. Institutional Population 10 Years Old and Over by Age Group, Marital Status, and Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020

Sex and Age Group	Institutional Population 10 Years Old and Over	Marital Status					
		Single	Married	Common-law / Live in	Widowed	Divorced / Separated / Annulled	Unknown
Both sexes							
All age groups	16,057	8,030	6,230	841	385	272	299
Below 20	768	755	10	3	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,790	1,628	96	57	1	2	6
25 - 29	2,324	1,769	425	105	3	9	13
30 - 34	2,050	1,083	779	113	11	20	44
35 - 39	1,881	722	961	138	10	19	31
40 - 44	2,007	637	1,170	106	18	31	45
45 - 49	1,819	499	1,074	131	31	27	57
50 - 54	1,417	378	807	79	71	37	45
55 - 59	948	256	522	61	50	32	27
60 - 64	610	159	268	26	75	62	20
65 - 69	265	81	86	15	48	27	8
70 - 74	93	32	19	7	31	2	2
75 - 79	41	11	7	-	20	3	-
80 years and over	44	20	6	-	16	1	1
Male							
All age groups	14,010	6,556	5,810	769	337	244	294
Below 20	492	486	6	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	1,344	1,218	76	42	1	1	6
25 - 29	1,936	1,464	365	86	1	7	13
30 - 34	1,816	941	705	101	10	16	43
35 - 39	1,710	640	884	130	10	16	30
40 - 44	1,874	574	1,113	99	15	28	45
45 - 49	1,699	447	1,025	126	26	21	54
50 - 54	1,343	344	777	78	64	35	45
55 - 59	878	218	500	61	43	29	27
60 - 64	560	132	254	25	68	61	20
65 - 69	237	64	79	14	46	26	8
70 - 74	72	17	15	7	30	1	2
75 - 79	26	3	7	-	14	2	-
80 years and over	23	8	4	-	9	1	1
Female							
All age groups	2,047	1,474	420	72	48	28	5
Below 20	276	269	4	3	-	-	-
20 - 24	446	410	20	15	-	1	-
25 - 29	388	305	60	19	2	2	-
30 - 34	234	142	74	12	1	4	1
35 - 39	171	82	77	8	-	3	1
40 - 44	133	63	57	7	3	3	-
45 - 49	120	52	49	5	5	6	3
50 - 54	74	34	30	1	7	2	-
55 - 59	70	38	22	-	7	3	-
60 - 64	50	27	14	1	7	1	-
65 - 69	28	17	7	1	2	1	-
70 - 74	21	15	4	-	1	1	-
75 - 79	15	8	-	-	6	1	-
80 years and over	21	12	2	-	7	-	-

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing

Table E. Institutional Population 5 Years Old and Over by Highest Grade/Year Completed, Age Group, and Sex, MIMAROPA: 2020

Highest Grade/Year Completed, and Sex	Institutional Population 5 Years Old and Over	Age Group (in years)						
		5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 and over
Both sexes								
Total	16,171	114	165	603	1,790	2,324	2,050	9,125
No grade completed	357	13	1	2	12	20	25	284
Early Childhood Education	28	20	1	2	1	1	-	3
K to 12 Curriculum (Kindergarten)	22	17	1	2	1	-	-	1
Old Curriculum (Preschool)	6	3	-	-	-	1	-	2
Elementary	4,956	74	96	99	261	365	459	3,602
Undergraduate	3,637	74	73	47	161	257	344	2,681
K to 12 Curriculum	286	74	73	47	92	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	3,351	-	-	-	69	257	344	2,681
Graduate	1,319	-	23	52	100	108	115	921
K to 12 Curriculum	141	-	22	52	67	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	1,176	-	-	-	33	108	114	921
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
High School	6,177	-	66	417	700	802	858	3,334
Undergraduate	2,230	-	66	214	275	189	219	1,267
Junior High School	441	-	66	180	195	-	-	-
Senior High School	49	-	-	34	13	-	1	1
Old Curriculum	1,740	-	-	-	67	189	218	1,266
Graduate	3,947	-	-	203	425	613	639	2,067
Junior High School	233	-	-	104	129	-	-	-
Senior High School	166	-	-	99	65	2	-	-
Old Curriculum	3,509	-	-	-	229	595	630	2,055
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	21	-	-	-	1	6	8	6
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	18	-	-	-	1	10	1	6
Post-Secondary	176	-	-	1	28	50	29	68
Undergraduate	12	-	-	-	5	1	2	4
Graduate	164	-	-	1	23	49	27	64
Short-Cycle Tertiary	218	-	-	1	33	50	34	100
Undergraduate	13	-	-	-	-	1	2	10
Graduate	205	-	-	1	33	49	32	90
College	4,022	-	-	74	733	993	612	1,610
Undergraduate	1,491	-	-	71	277	219	214	710
Graduate	2,531	-	-	3	456	774	398	900
Post Baccalaureate	130	-	-	-	3	17	13	97
Undergraduate	8	-	-	-	-	1	1	6
Master's Degree	7	-	-	-	-	1	1	5
Doctorate Degree	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Graduate	122	-	-	-	3	16	12	91
Master's Degree	85	-	-	-	3	10	6	66
Doctorate Degree	37	-	-	-	-	6	6	25
Not reported	107	7	1	7	19	26	20	27
Male								
Total	14,065	55	79	413	1,344	1,936	1,816	8,422
No grade completed	341	8	-	2	11	20	24	276
Early Childhood Education	17	10	1	1	1	1	-	3
K to 12 Curriculum (Kindergarten)	12	8	1	1	1	-	-	1
Old Curriculum (Preschool)	5	2	-	-	-	1	-	2
Elementary	4,736	34	47	84	244	355	445	3,527
Undergraduate	3,505	34	35	45	153	251	335	2,652
K to 12 Curriculum	201	34	35	45	87	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	3,304	-	-	-	66	251	335	2,652
Graduate	1,231	-	12	39	91	104	110	875
K to 12 Curriculum	110	-	11	39	60	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	1,119	-	-	-	31	104	109	875
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
High School	5,491	-	30	274	566	696	783	3,142
Undergraduate	2,007	-	30	146	227	175	209	1,220
Junior High School	316	-	30	128	158	-	-	-
Senior High School	31	-	-	18	11	-	1	1
Old Curriculum	1,660	-	-	-	58	175	208	1,219
Graduate	3,484	-	-	128	339	521	574	1,922
Junior High School	183	-	-	74	109	-	-	-
Senior High School	100	-	-	54	45	1	-	-
Old Curriculum	3,162	-	-	-	183	504	565	1,910
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	21	-	-	-	1	6	8	6
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	18	-	-	-	1	10	1	6

Highest Grade/Year Completed, and Sex	Institutional Population 5 Years Old and Over	Age Group (in years)						
		5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30 - 34	35 and over
Post-Secondary	148	-	-	1	27	39	26	55
Undergraduate	11	-	-	-	5	-	2	4
Graduate	137	-	-	1	22	39	24	51
Short-Cycle Tertiary	180	-	-	-	27	43	30	80
Undergraduate	11	-	-	-	-	-	2	9
Graduate	169	-	-	-	27	43	28	71
College	3,007	-	-	48	452	758	488	1,261
Undergraduate	1,211	-	-	45	186	187	180	613
Graduate	1,796	-	-	3	266	571	308	648
Post Baccalaureate	70	-	-	-	2	8	5	55
Undergraduate	5	-	-	-	-	1	1	3
Master's Degree	4	-	-	-	-	1	1	2
Doctorate Degree	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Graduate	65	-	-	-	2	7	4	52
Master's Degree	51	-	-	-	2	6	4	39
Doctorate Degree	14	-	-	-	-	1	-	13
Not reported	75	3	1	3	14	16	15	23
Female								
Total	2,106	59	86	190	446	388	234	703
No grade completed	16	5	1	-	1	-	1	8
Early Childhood Education	11	10	-	1	-	-	-	-
K to 12 Curriculum (Kindergarten)	10	9	-	1	-	-	-	-
Old Curriculum (Preschool)	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Elementary	220	40	49	15	17	10	14	75
Undergraduate	132	40	38	2	8	6	9	29
K to 12 Curriculum	85	40	38	2	5	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	47	-	-	-	3	6	9	29
Graduate	88	-	11	13	9	4	5	46
K to 12 Curriculum	31	-	11	13	7	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	57	-	-	-	2	4	5	46
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
High School	686	-	36	143	134	106	75	192
Undergraduate	223	-	36	68	48	14	10	47
Junior High School	125	-	36	52	37	-	-	-
Senior High School	18	-	-	16	2	-	-	-
Old Curriculum	80	-	-	-	9	14	10	47
Graduate	463	-	-	75	86	92	65	145
Junior High School	50	-	-	30	20	-	-	-
Senior High School	66	-	-	45	20	1	-	-
Old Curriculum	347	-	-	-	46	91	65	145
Inclusive/Special Needs Education Program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Continuing/Second-Chance Education Program	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Post-Secondary	28	-	-	-	1	11	3	13
Undergraduate	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
Graduate	27	-	-	-	1	10	3	13
Short-Cycle Tertiary	38	-	-	1	6	7	4	20
Undergraduate	2	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Graduate	36	-	-	1	6	6	4	19
College	1,015	-	-	26	281	235	124	349
Undergraduate	280	-	-	26	91	32	34	97
Graduate	735	-	-	-	190	203	90	252
Post Baccalaureate	60	-	-	-	1	9	8	42
Undergraduate	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Master's Degree	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	3
Doctorate Degree	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Graduate	57	-	-	-	1	9	8	39
Master's Degree	34	-	-	-	1	4	2	27
Doctorate Degree	23	-	-	-	-	5	6	12
Not reported	32	4	-	4	5	10	5	4

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, 2020 Census of Population and Housing