



SPECIAL RELEASE

Summary Inflation Report and Consumer Price Index (2018=100) of Romblon: January 2024

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Table 1. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates: Philippines, MIMAROPA, and Romblon:
All Items (2018=100)

Area	January 2024	December 2023	January 2023	Year-to-Date
Philippines	2.8	3.9	8.7	2.8
MIMAROPA	3.6	4.4	8.9	3.6
Romblon	6.7	8.1	5.1	6.7

The headline inflation rate of Romblon decelerated to 6.7 percent in January 2024, compared to the 8.1 percent computed in the previous month. Compared to the previous year, its inflation rate was higher than the registered 5.1 percent in January 2023.

The inflation trend in January 2024 was primarily brought by the slowing down of the year-on-year growth rate in the indices of the commodity group such as:

- Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages, 8.0% (71.3% share to inflation trend)
- Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, 16.6% (5.3% share to inflation trend)
- Clothing and Footwear, 8.4% (4.5% share to inflation trend)
- Furnishings, Household Equipment and Routine Household Maintenance, 10.2% (5.2% share to inflation trend)
- Health, 1.1% (0.9% share to inflation trend)
- Information and Communication, (0.3%) (1.5% share to inflation trend)
- Recreation, Sports and Culture, 7.5% (1.8% share to inflation trend)
- Restaurant and Accommodation Services, 18.4% (5.0% share to inflation trend)
- Financial Services, (11.1%) (0.2% share to inflation trend)
- Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services, 8.4% (4.3% share to inflation trend)

On the other hand, Housing, Water, Electricity and Other Fuels (0.4%) and Transportation (0.8%) showed faster inflation rates as compared to the previous month's rate. Meanwhile, Education Services (2.6%) remained at their previous month's rate.

In the past 12 months, the highest inflation rate was observed in the month of September 2023 computed at 9.7 percent while the lowest was observed in July 2023 at 6.4 percent (Figure 1).

Figure 1. 1-Year Monthly Inflation Rate of Romblon: February 2023 – January 2024

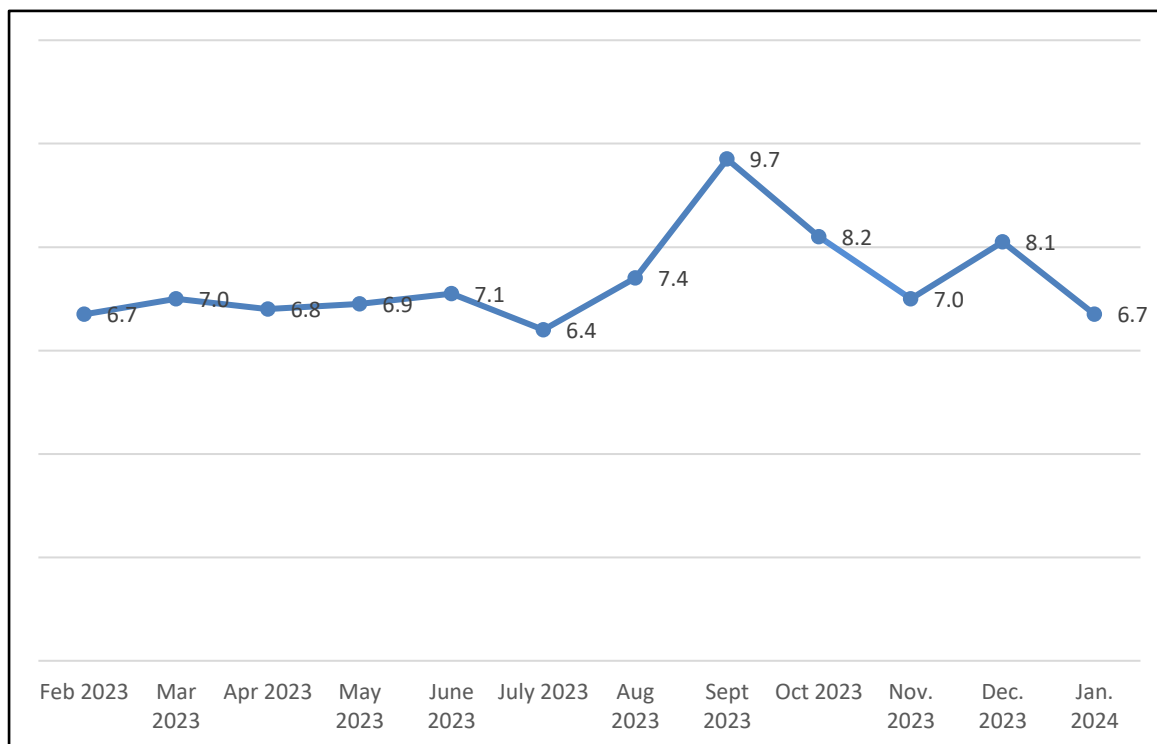


Table 2 shows that the month-on-month price index for all items in the province increased by 0.8 percent (130.3 to 131.3). It also shows that Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages registered the highest increment with reference to the price situation in the previous month, increased by 1.1 percent (134.3 to 135.8). It was followed by the observed price situation of Health with 1.0 percent (124.3 to 125.6), Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco with 0.9 percent (192.9 to 194.7), House, Water, Electricity and Other Fuels with 0.7 percent (112.9 to 113.7), Furnishing, Household Equipment and Routine Maintenance of the House with 0.4 percent (137.8 to 138.3) and Clothing and Footwear with 0.3 percent (124.7 to 125.1).

On the other hand, commodity groups that showed decreased indices include Financial Services with -11.1 percent (100.0 to 88.9), Recreation, Sports and Culture with -0.8 percent (120.6 to 119.6), and Transportation with -0.3 percent (136.0 to 135.6).

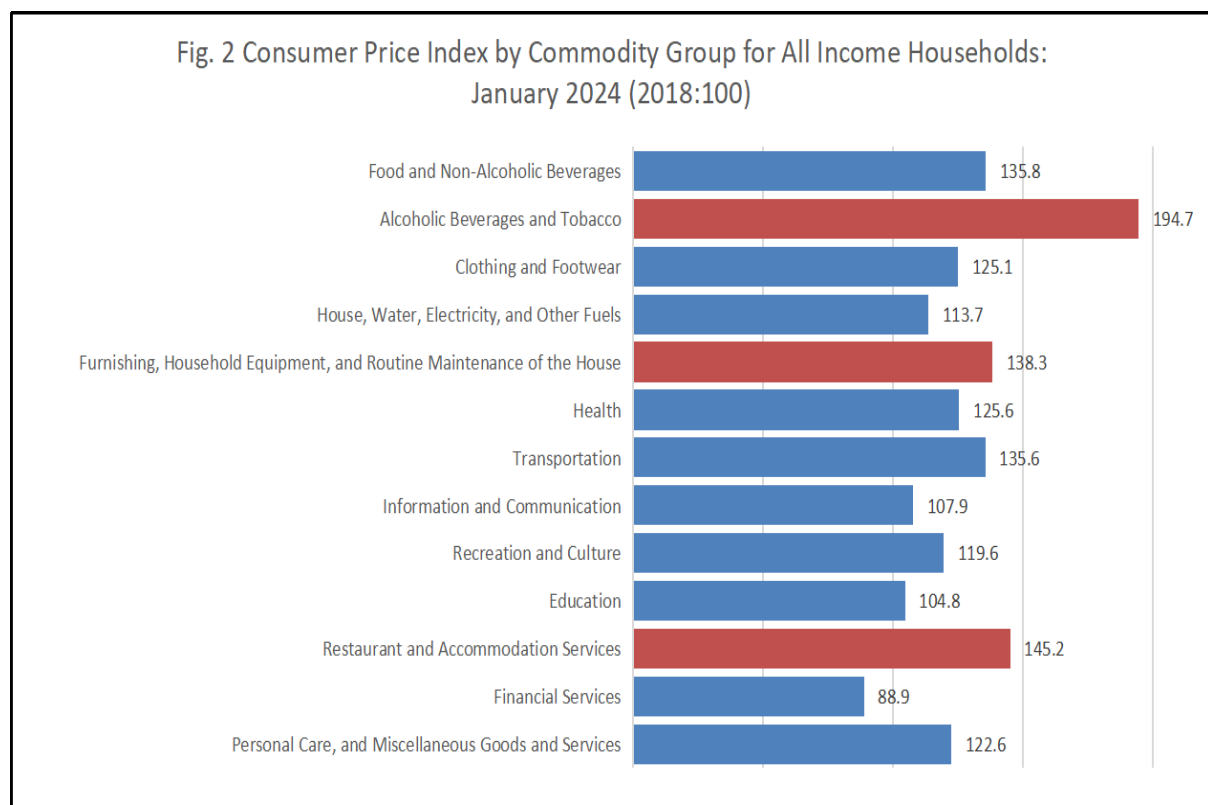
Meanwhile, there is no observed month-on-month changes in average prices of Information and Communication, Education Services and Restaurant and Accommodation Services.

The average monthly CPI for all income households in the province in January 2024 was recorded at 131.3, increased by 6.7 percent from the price level on the same month of the past year (123.1).

Table 2. Consumer Price Index by Commodity Group for All Income Households (2018=100)





Commodity Group	January 2024	December 2023	January 2023	Month-on-Month Percentage	Year-on-Year Percentage
ALL ITEMS	131.3	130.3	123.1	0.8	6.7
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	135.8	134.3	125.7	1.1	8.0
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	194.7	192.9	167.0	0.9	16.6
Clothing and Footwear	125.1	124.7	115.4	0.3	8.4
House, Water, Electricity, and Other Fuels	113.7	112.9	113.2	0.7	0.4
Furnishing, Household Equipment, and Routine Maintenance of the House	138.3	137.8	125.5	0.4	10.2
Health	125.6	124.3	124.2	1.0	1.1
Transportation	135.6	136.0	134.5	-0.3	0.8
Information and Communication	107.9	107.9	108.2	0.0	-0.3
Recreation, Sports and Culture	119.6	120.6	111.3	-0.8	7.5
Education Services	104.8	104.8	102.1	0.0	2.6
Restaurant and Accommodation Services	145.2	145.2	122.6	0.0	18.4
Financial Services	88.9	100.0	100.0	-11.1	-11.1
Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	122.6	122.6	113.1	0.0	8.4

Meanwhile, Figure 2 shows the Consumer Price Indices of different commodity groups in January 2024. The commodity group of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco registered 194.7, the highest value of the CPI in the province during the period.

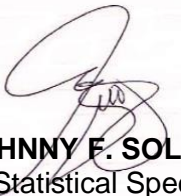


Purchasing Power of Peso

CPI is further used in the computation of Purchasing Power of Peso (PPP). PPP measures the “true” value of money using a given base year.

2018	January 2024
 = P1.00	 = P 0.76
 = P100.00	 = P131.30

In January 2024, the PPP was calculated to have a value of P0.76 on the average, which means that P1.00 in 2018 is only worth 76 centavos. Also, on the average, an individual needs P131.30, or P31.30 more, to buy the same basket of goods that was worth P100.00 in 2018.



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TECHNICAL NOTES

Consumer Price Index (CPI)

- is an indicator of the change in the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services
- commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.
- is widely used in the calculation of the inflation rate and purchasing power of the peso.
- is used to adjust other economic series for price changes. Example, CPI components are used as deflators for most personal consumption expenditures (PCE) in the calculation of the Gross National Product (GNP).
- is used as basis to adjust wages in labor management contracts as well as pensions and retirement benefits. Thus, increases in wages through collective bargaining agreements use the CPI as one of their bases.

Inflation Rate (IR)

- interpreted in terms of declining purchasing power of peso.
- is the annual rate of change or the year-on-year change of the CPI expressed in percent.

Inflation Rate (reference month, reference year)

$$= [(CPI_{(reference\ month, reference\ year)} - CPI_{(reference\ month, previous\ year)}) / CPI_{(reference\ month, previous\ year)}] \times 100\%$$

Purchasing Power of Peso

- shows how much the peso in the base period is worth in the current period.
- computed as the reciprocal of the CPI for the period under review multiplied by 100.

Market Basket

- is a sample of goods and services, which is meant to represent the totality of all the goods and services purchased by households relative to a base year.
 - To determine the commodities that will form the market basket for the 2018-based CPI, the Survey of Key Informants (SKI) was conducted in March 2021. The survey, which was conducted nationwide to store managers, sellers or proprietors, obtained information on the most commonly purchased of goods and availed of services by the households.
 - The commodities in the 2018-based CPI market basket are grouped/classified according to the 2020 Philippine Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (PCOICOP) which is based on the United Nations COICOP. Meanwhile, the commodities in the 2012-based CPI market basket used the 2009 PCOICOP version of classification of commodities.

Base year

- is a reference period, usually a year, at which the index number is set to 100. It is the reference point of the index number series. The CPI is rebased from base year 2012 to base year 2018.