





# **SPECIAL RELEASE**

## Summary Inflation Report and Consumer Price Index (2018=100) of Rombion: September 2024

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Table 1. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates: Philippines, MIMAROPA, and Romblon: All Items (2018=100)

Area	Sept 2024	Aug 2024	Sept 2023	Year-to-Date
Philippines	1.9	3.3	6.1	3.4
MIMAROPA	2.5	4.1	6.8	4.0
Romblon	1.0	3.2	9.7	4.8

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities

The headline inflation rate of Romblon further slowed down to 1.0 percent in September 2024, compared to the 3.2 percent computed in the previous month. Compared to the previous year, the inflation rate is also lower than the registered 9.7 percent in September 2023. The average inflation for the year was registered at 4.8 percent.

The inflation trend in September 2024 was primarily brought by the slowing down of the year-on-year growth rate in the indices of the following commodity group such as:

- Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages, 0.3% (82.1% share to inflation trend)
- Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco, 3.4% (1.3% share to inflation trend)
- Clothing and Footwear, 0.8% (0.6% share to inflation trend)
- Furnishing, Household Equipment, and Routine Maintenance of the House, 0.2% (4.8% share to inflation trend)
- Health, 0.4% (1.7% share to inflation trend)
- Transportation, -3.5% (7.3% share to inflation trend)
- Information and Communication, -0.2% (0.3% share to inflation trend)
- Education Services, 0.0% (0.0 share to inflation trend)
- Restaurant and Accommodation Services, 5.5% (1.6% share to inflation trend)
- Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services, 1.3% (0.2% share to inflation trend)



On the other hand, Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels (3.9%) and Recreation, Sports and Culture (3.9%) showed faster inflation rate compared to its previous month's rate. Meanwhile, Financial Services (-11.1%) remained at its previous month's rate.

In the past 12 months, the highest inflation rate was observed in the month of October 2023 computed at 8.2 percent while the lowest was observed in September 2024 at 1.0 percent (Figure 1).

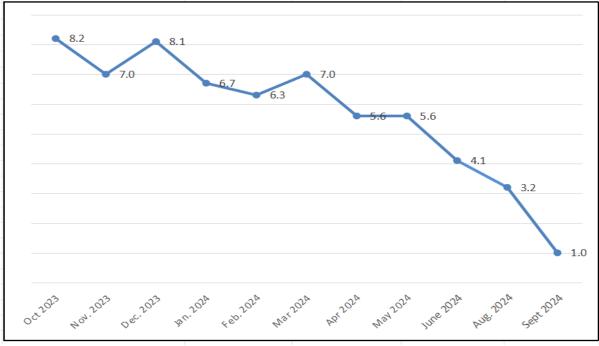


Figure 1. 1-Year Monthly Inflation Rate of Romblon: October 2023 – September 2024

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities

Table 2 shows that the month-on-month price index for all items in the province shows no change with 0.0 percent (131.9 to 131.9). It shows that Recreation, Sport an Culture registered the highest increment with reference to the price situation in the previous month, increased by 1.4 percent (122.3 to 124.0). It was followed by the observed price situation of House, Water, Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels with 0.5 percent (117.3 to 117.9), Health with 0.2 percent (126.3 to 126.5), Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services with 0.2 percent (122.4 to 122.6) and Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco with 0.1 percent (196.4 to 196.6).

On the other hand, commodity groups that showed decreased indices include Transportation with -1.3 percent (136.0 to 134.3), Information and Communication with -0.2 percent (108.2 to 108.0) and Furnishing, Household Equipment, and Routine Household Maintenance with -0.1 percent (136.9 to 136.7). Meanwhile, there is no observed month-on-month changes in average prices of Food and Non-alcoholic Beverages (135.3), Clothing and Footwear (125.6), Education Services (104.8), Restaurant and Accommodation Services (148.7) and Financial Services (88.9).

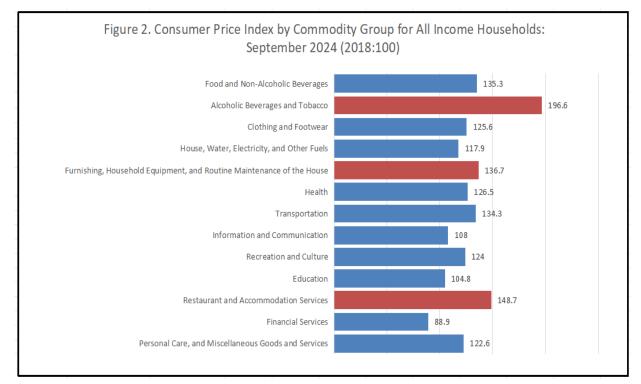


Commodity Group	September 2024	August 2024	September 2023	Month-on-Month Percentage	Year-on-Year Percentage		
ALL ITEMS	131.9	131.9	130.6	0.0	1.0		
Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages	135.3	135.3	134.9	0.0	0.3		
Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco	196.6	196.4	190.2	0.1	3.4		
Clothing and Footwear	125.6	125.6	124.6	0.0	0.8		
House, Water, Electricity, and Other Fuels	117.9	117.3	113.5	0.5	3.9		
Furnishing, Household Equipment, and Routine Maintenance of the House	136.7	136.9	136.4	-0.1	0.2		
Health	126.5	126.3	126.0	0.2	0.4		
Transportation	134.3	136.0	139.2	-1.3	-3.5		
Information and Communication	108.0	108.2	108.2	-0.2	-0.2		
Recreation, Sports and Culture	124.0	122.3	119.4	1.4	3.9		
Education Services	104.8	104.8	104.8	0.0	0.0		
Restaurant and Accommodation Services	148.7	148.7	141.0	0.0	5.5		
Financial Services	88.9	88.9	100.0	0.0	-11.1		
Personal Care, and Miscellaneous Goods and Services	122.6	122.4	121.0	0.2	1.3		

Table 2. Consumer Price Index by C	Commodity Group for /	All Income Households (	2018=100)
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Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities

The average monthly CPI for all income households in the province in September 2024 was recorded at 131.9, increased by 1.0 percent from the price level on the same month of the past year (130.6).



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey of Commodities



2/F <u>Navarette</u> Bldg., <u>Brgy</u>. II, <u>Romblon</u>, <u>Romblon</u> 5500 Contact No.: 0939-876-0734 Website: <u>rssomimaropa.psa.gov.ph/Romblon</u> Email: romblon@psa.gov.ph Meanwhile, Figure 2 shows the Consumer Price Indices of different commodity groups in September 2024. The commodity group of Alcoholic Beverages and Tobacco registered 196.6, the highest value of the CPI in the province during the period. It was followed by Restaurant and Accommodation Services (148.7) and Furnishing, Household Equipment and Routine Maintenance of the House (136.7).

### **Purchasing Power of Peso**

CPI is further used in the computation of Purchasing Power of Peso (PPP). PPP measures the "true" value of money using a given base year.



In September 2024, the PPP was calculated to have a value of P0.76 on the average, which means that P1.00 in 2018 is only worth 76 centavos. Also, on the average, an individual needs P131.90, or P31.90 more, to buy the same basket of goods that was worth P100.00 in 2018.

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#### **TECHNICAL NOTES**

#### Consumer Price Index (CPI)

- is an indicator of the change in the average retail prices of a fixed basket of goods and services
- commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.
- is widely used in the calculation of the inflation rate and purchasing power of the peso.
- is used to adjust other economic series for price changes. Example, CPI components are used as deflators for most personal consumption expenditures (PCE) in the calculation of the Gross National Product (GNP).
- is used as basis to adjust wages in labor management contracts as well as pensions and retirement benefits. Thus, increases in wages through collective bargaining agreements use the CPI as one of their bases.

#### Inflation Rate (IR)

- interpreted in terms of declining purchasing power of peso.
- is the annual rate of change or the year-on-year change of the CPI expressed in percent.

Inflation Rate (reference month, reference year)

= [(CPI (reference month, reference year) - CPI (reference month, previous year)) / CPI (reference month, previous year)] x 100%

#### **Purchasing Power of Peso**

- shows how much the peso in the base period is worth in the current period.
- computed as the reciprocal of the CPI for the period under review multiplied by 100.

#### **Market Basket**

- is a sample of goods and services, which is meant to represent the totality of all the goods and services purchased by households relative to a base year.
  - To determine the commodities that will form the market basket for the 2018-based CPI, the Survey of Key Informants (SKI) was conducted in March 2021. The survey, which was conducted nationwide to store managers, sellers or proprietors, obtained information on the most commonly purchased of goods and availed of services by the households.
  - The commodities in the 2018-based CPI market basket are grouped/classified according to the 2020 Philippine Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (PCOICOP) which is based on the United Nations COICOP. Meanwhile, the commodities in the 2012-based CPI market basket used the 2009 PCOICOP version of classification of commodities.

#### Base year

• is a reference period, usually a year, at which the index number is set to 100. It is the reference point of the index number series. The CPI is rebased from base year 2012 to base year 2018.

