

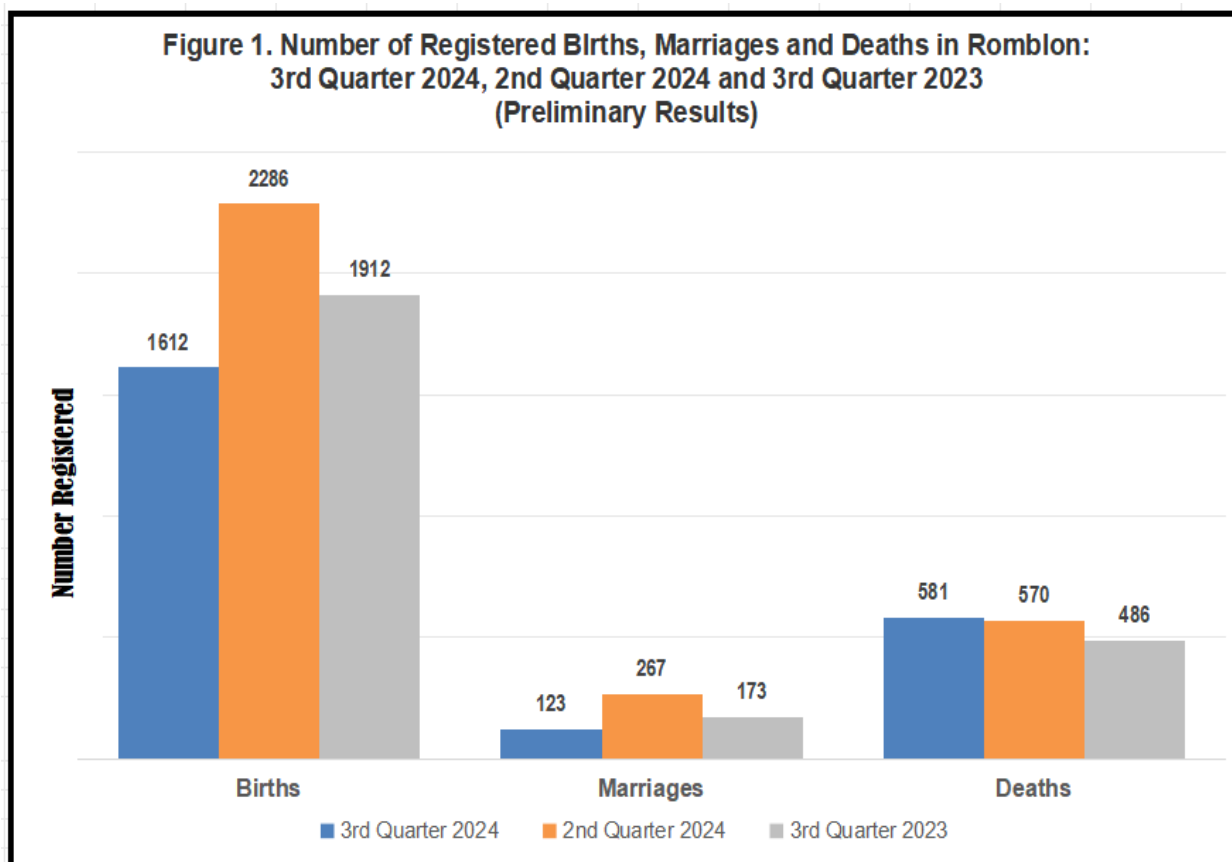
SPECIAL RELEASE

Romblon Marriage Statistics for Third Quarter 2024 (Preliminaries)

Date of Release: 18 January 2025
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Birth Statistics

In the 3rd Quarter of 2024, Romblon registered a total of 123 marriages, indicating a decrease of 50 births (28.9%) compared to the 173 marriages reported during the same period in 2023. Meanwhile, there was a decrease of 53.9 percent in the registered marriages in the third quarter of 2024 compared to the 267 marriages recorded in the second quarter of 2024.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

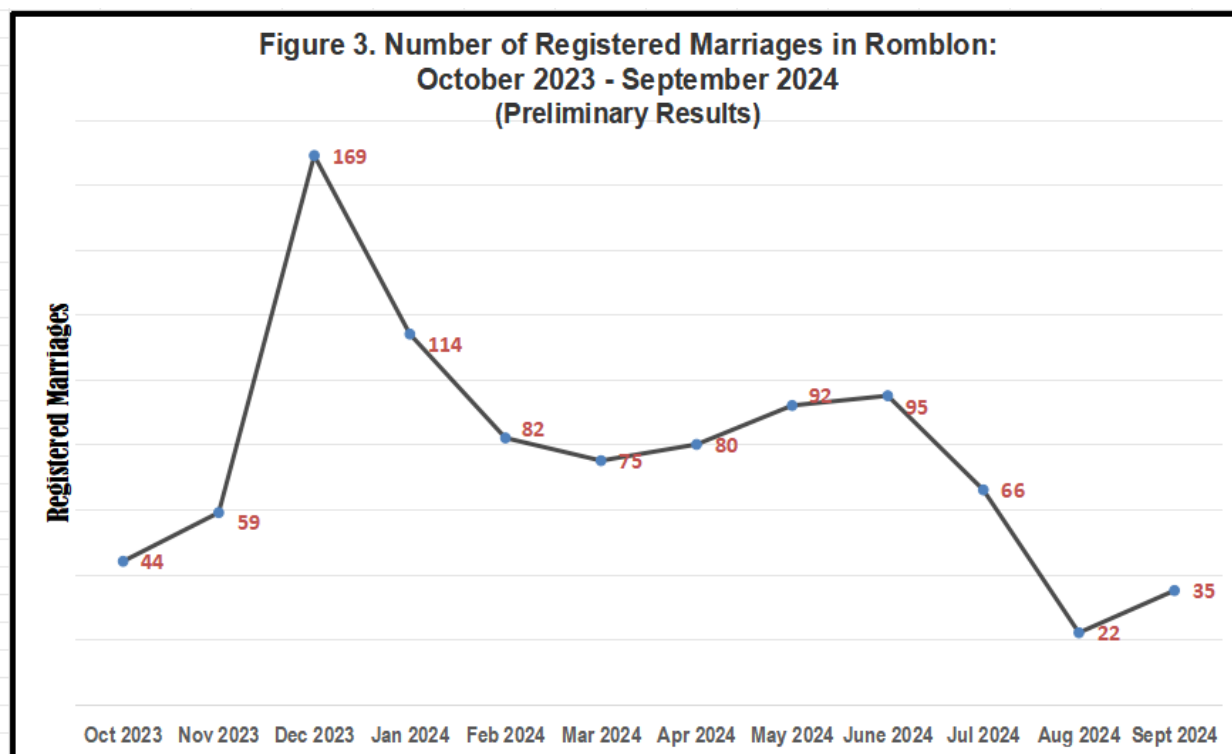


The month of July 2024 emerged as the month with the highest number of marriages in Romblon during the reference period, totaling 66. It was followed by September and August with 35 and 22 registered marriages, respectively (Table 1).

Table 1. Registered Marriages by Month and Municipality: Romblon, 3rd Quarter 2024

Municipality	Month			Total
	July	August	September	
Alcantara	5	1	2	8
Banton	2	0	6	8
Cajidiocan	2	2	0	4
Calatrava	2	0	0	2
Concepcion	2	0	0	2
Corcuera	1	0	0	1
Looc	5	2	1	8
Magdiwang	5	1	0	6
Odiongan	12	5	9	26
Romblon	7	6	4	17
San Agustin	4	2	4	10
San Andres	4	0	1	5
San Fernando	6	0	1	7
San Jose	1	1	2	4
Santa Fe	6	0	3	9
Ferrol	0	1	2	3
Santa Maria	2	1	0	3
TOTAL	66	22	35	123

In the past 12 months, the month of December 2023 registered the most number of registered marriages with 169, while the least number occurred in August 2024 with 22.

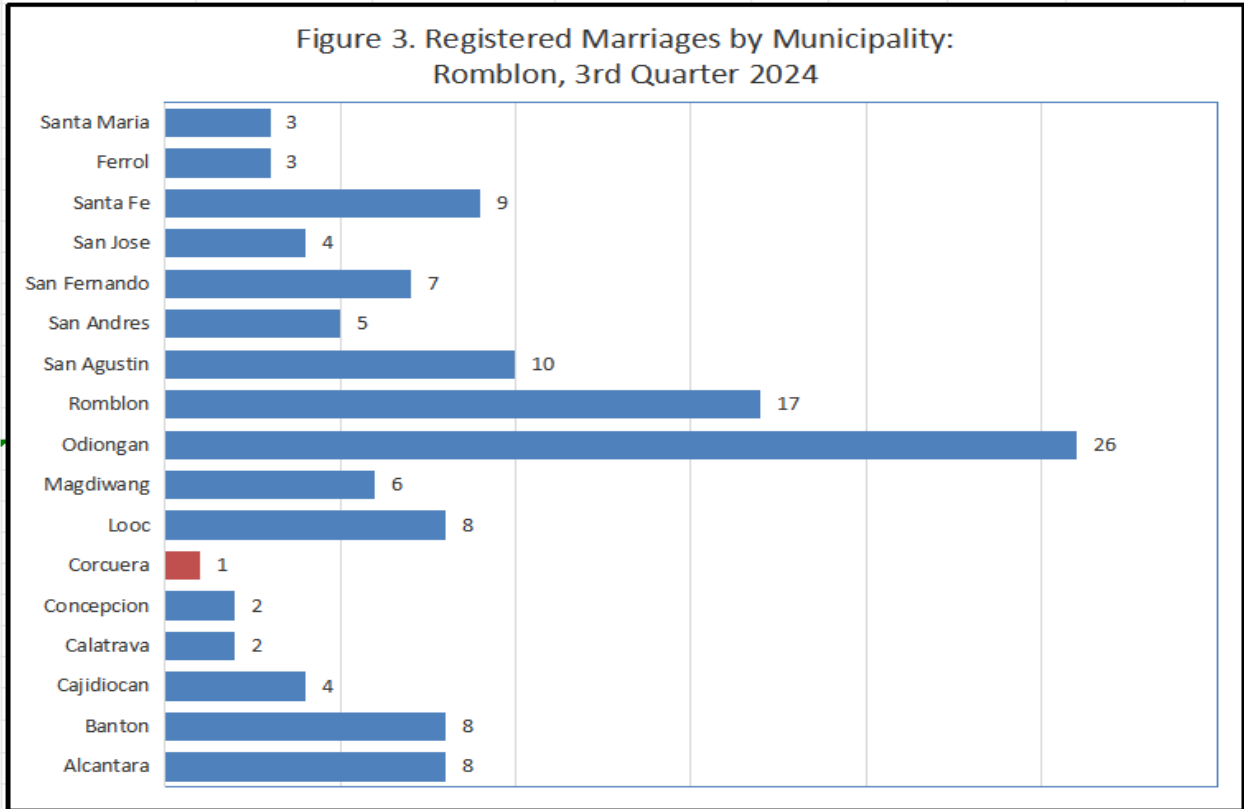


Source: Philippine Statistics Authority




Figure 3 shows the distribution of the number of marriages by municipality in the province of Romblon during the third quarter of 2024. The municipality of Odiongan topped with 26 registered marriages during the quarter or 21.1 percent of the total registered marriages in the province during the said quarter. It was followed by Romblon with 17 or 13.8 percent and San Agustin with 10 or 8.1 percent.

Meanwhile, municipality of Corcuera registered the least number of marriages with only 1, comprising about 0.8 percent of the total registered marriages in the province during the quarter.



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority


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Explanatory Note

The data on the number of marriages presented in this quarterly special release were obtained from the vital events registered, either timely or belatedly at the Office of the City/Municipal Civil Registrar throughout the province of Romblon and subsequently submitted to the Office of the Civil Registrar-General through the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA) - Romblon Provincial Statistical Office (PSO). The information presented includes the vital events that occurred in the 3rd Quarter 2024, 2nd Quarter 2024, 3rd Quarter of 2023 based on the data files received by the PSA – Civil Registration Services (CRS) and has undergone initial processing in the provincial office. The figures presented herein are still preliminary and may differ from the final official count.



Technical Notes

Live births shall be reported for registration to C/MCR not later than thirty (30) days from the date of birth.

Death or fetal death shall be reported to LHO within forty-eight (48) hours from the time of death and the LHO shall direct or cause the registration to the C/MCR not later than thirty (30) days from date of death.

Marriages that require the issuance of marriages license shall be reported to C/MCR for registration not later than fifteen (15) days from date of marriage. However, marriages that do not require a license such as marriage at the point of death (Article 27); marriages in remote places (Article 28); marriages between members of ethnic cultural community (Article 33); and marriages between men and women who have lived together for at least five (5) years (Article 34), shall be reported not later than thirty (30) day after date of marriage.

Any report made to the LCROs beyond the reglementary period are considered late and can be entered only in the civil register after the informant complies with the requirements for delayed registration.

DEFINITION OF TERMS

Live birth is the complete expulsion or extraction from its mother of a conception, irrespective of the duration of pregnancy, which, after such separation, breaths or shows any other evidence of life.

Marriage is a special contract of permanent union between a man and a woman entered into in accordance with law for the establishment of conjugal and family life.

Death is the permanent disappearance of all evidence of life at any time after live birth has taken place.

