

SPECIAL RELEASE

SUMMARY INFLATION REPORT OF ORIENTAL MINDORO FOR THE BOTTOM 30% INCOME HOUSEHOLDS (2018=100)

April 2025

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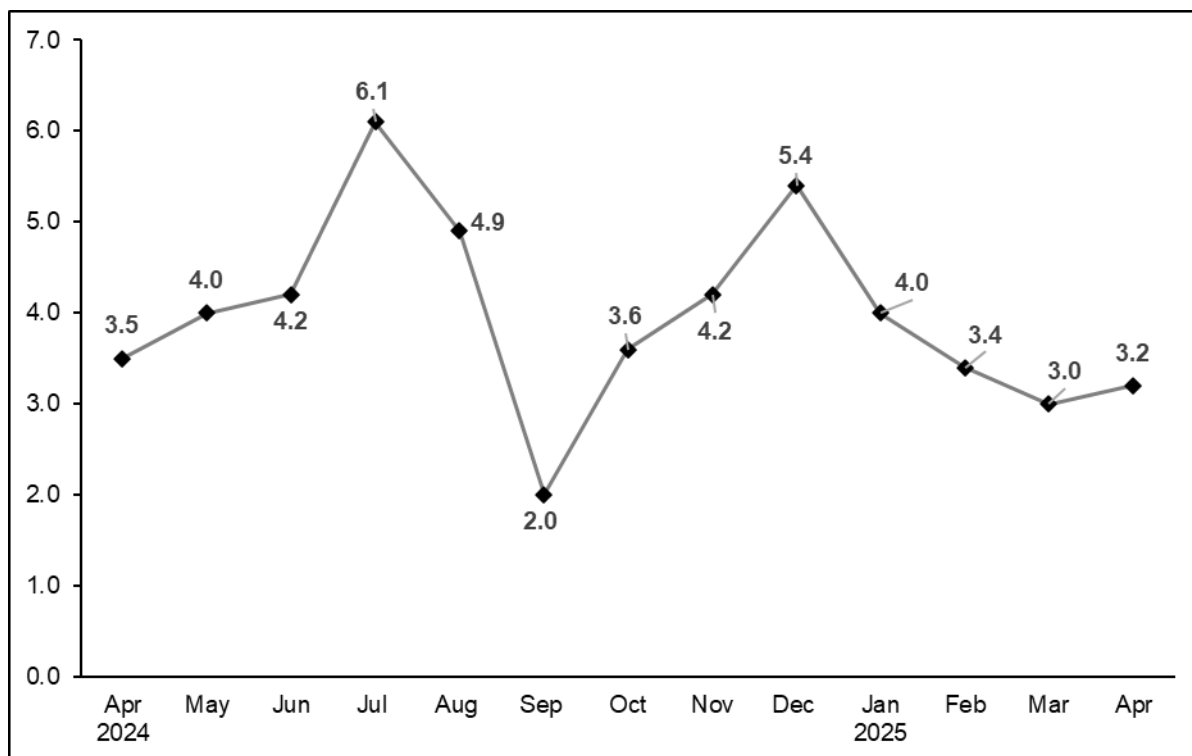
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Table 1. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates (%) for Bottom 30% Income Households in the Philippines, MIMAROPA Region, and Oriental Mindoro Province, All Items (2018=100)

Area	April 2024	March 2025	April 2025
Philippines	5.3	1.1	0.1
MIMAROPA Region	5.7	1.0	0.5
Oriental Mindoro	3.5	3.0	3.2

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Figure 1. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates (%) for Bottom 30% Income Households in Oriental Mindoro, All Items: April 2024 to April 2025 (2018=100)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Headline Inflation

Oriental Mindoro's inflation rate for the bottom 30% income households increased further to 3.2 percent in April 2025 from 3.0 percent in March 2025. This brings the provincial average inflation rate for this income group from January to April 2025 to 3.4 percent. In April 2024, inflation rate was posted at 3.5 percent. (Tables 1, 2 and Figure 1)

Table 2. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates for the Bottom 30% Income Households in Oriental Mindoro, All Items: January 2020 to April 2025
In Percent (2018=100)

Month	Year					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
January	4.4	8.3	0.0	16.2	3.6	4.0
February	5.8	7.1	1.6	14.6	3.0	3.4
March	6.0	7.5	1.1	13.5	4.2	3.0
April	5.7	8.1	2.0	13.0	3.5	3.2
May	4.5	8.1	4.1	11.8	4.0	
June	5.6	6.3	5.2	11.6	4.2	
July	4.2	7.0	9.2	8.2	6.1	
August	5.3	5.8	9.1	8.9	4.9	
September	4.6	3.7	11.6	8.5	2.0	
October	4.8	3.3	13.4	6.4	3.6	
November	7.0	1.7	14.9	4.0	4.2	
December	7.3	1.6	14.9	4.9	5.4	
Average	5.4	5.7	7.2	10.0	4.1	3.4

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Main Drivers to the Upward Trend of the Headline Inflation

The uptrend in the overall inflation for the bottom 30% income households in April 2025 was primarily brought about by the faster annual increase in the index of heavily-weighted food and non-alcoholic beverages at 1.7 percent during the month from 1.0 percent in March 2025. Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels also contributed to the higher inflation rate after its index posted an annual increase of 8.1 percent in April 2025 from a 7.9 percent annual increment in the previous month.

In addition, faster annual growth rates were noted in the indices of personal care, and miscellaneous goods and services at 1.8 percent during the month from 1.7 percent in March 2025, and clothing and footwear at 1.7 percent in April 2025 from 1.6 percent last month.

On the contrary, lower inflation rates were observed in the following commodity groups during the month:

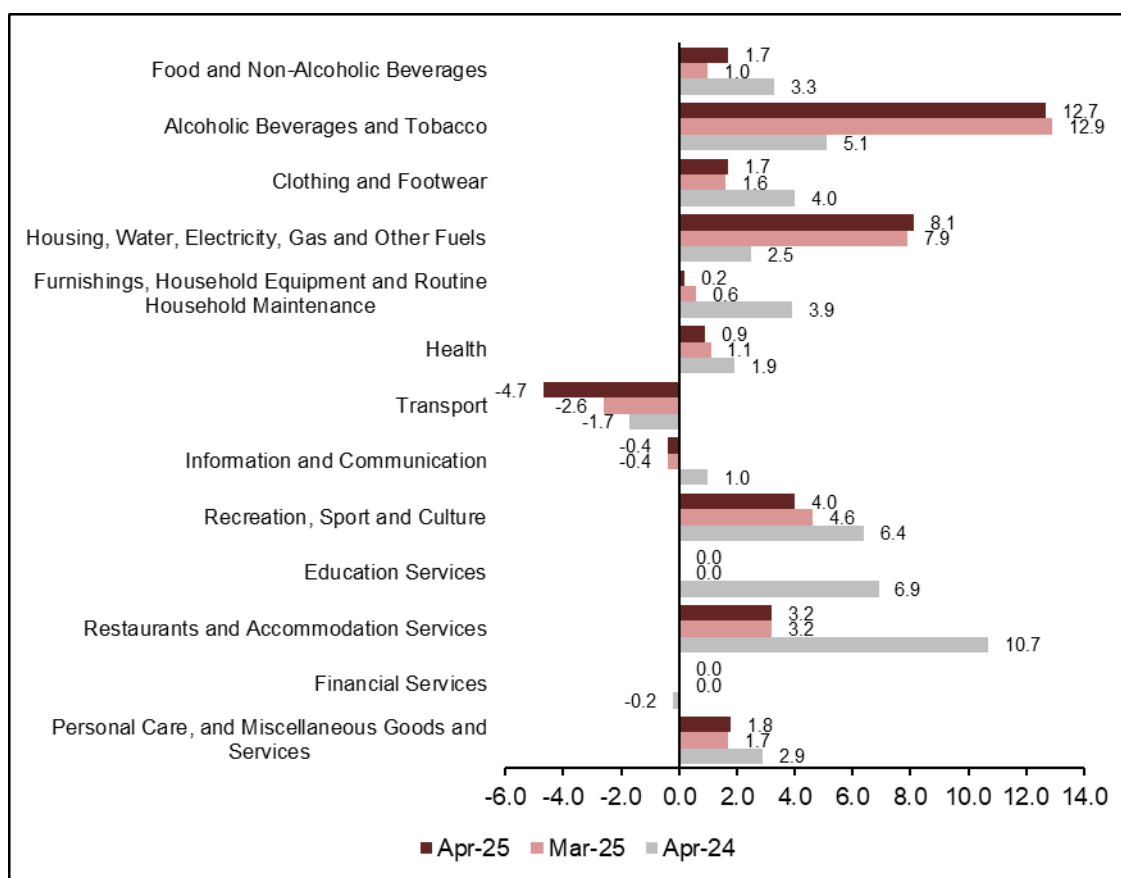
- Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, 12.7 percent from 12.9 percent;
- Furnishings, household equipment and routine household maintenance, 0.2 percent from 0.6 percent;

- c. Health, 0.9 percent from 1.1 percent; and
- d. Recreation, sport and culture, 4.0 percent from 4.6 percent.

Moreover, faster annual decrease in the index of transport at 4.7 percent was observed during the month from a 2.6 percent decrement in March 2025.

The indices of the rest of the commodity groups retained their respective previous month's annual growth rates. (Figure 2)

Figure 2. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates (%) for Bottom 30% Income Households in Oriental Mindoro by Commodity Group (2018=100)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

Main Contributors to the April 2025 Headline Inflation

The following commodity groups were the top three contributors to the April 2025 overall inflation for the bottom 30% income households of the province:

- a. Housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels with 43.4 percentage share or 1.39 percentage points;
- b. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco, 27.7 percent share or 0.89 percentage point; and
- c. Food and non-alcoholic beverages with 25.0 percent share or 0.80 percentage point.

Food Inflation

Food inflation for the bottom 30% income households in Oriental Mindoro moved at a faster pace of 1.5 percent in April 2025 from 0.8 percent in the previous month. In April 2024, food inflation was higher at 3.6 percent. (Table 3)

Main Drivers to the Upward Trend of Food Inflation

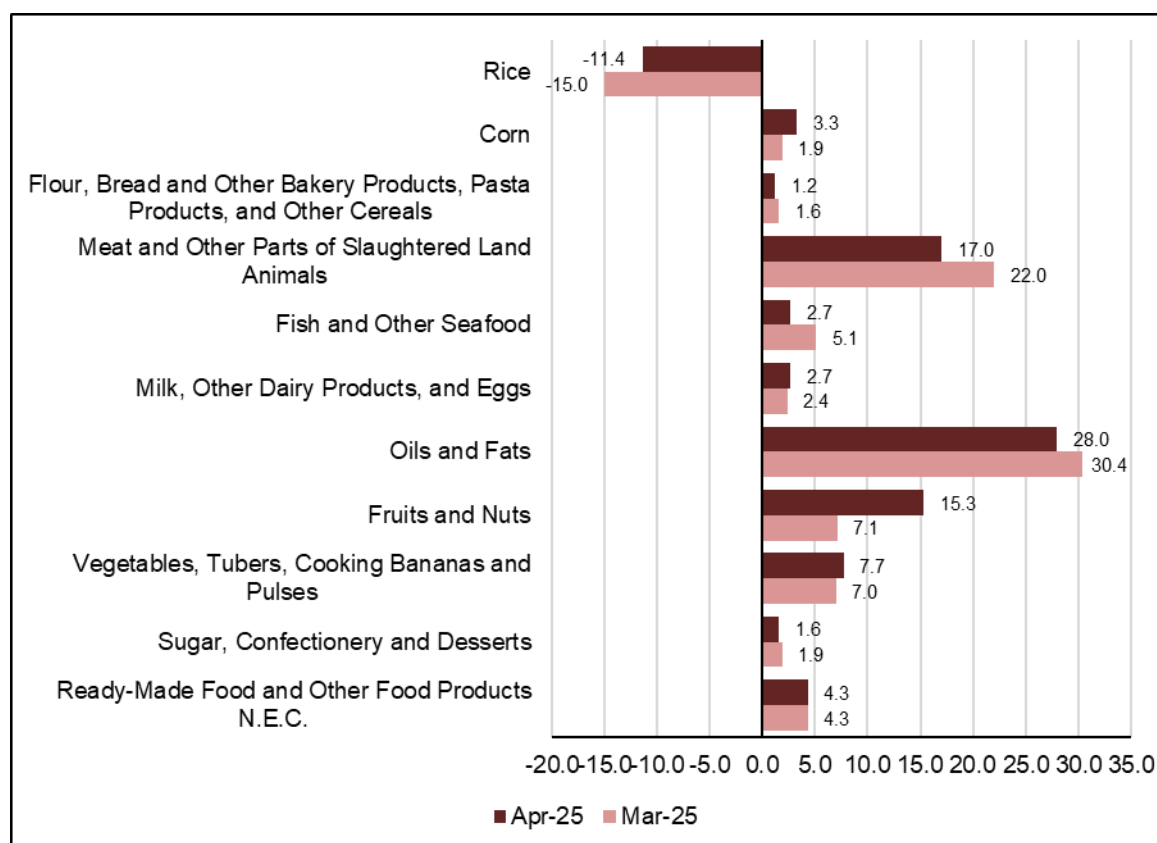
The acceleration of food inflation in April 2025 was primarily due to the slower annual decline in the index of rice at 11.4 percent during the month from its annual decrease of 15.0 percent in March 2025. Moreover, faster annual increase in the index of fruits and nuts at 15.3 percent during the month from a 7.1 percent year-on-year increment in March 2025 also contributed to the uptrend of the food inflation.

In addition, higher inflation rates during the month were noted in the following food groups:

- corn, 3.3 percent from 1.9 percent;
- milk, other dairy products and eggs, 2.7 percent from 2.4 percent; and
- vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses, 7.7 percent from 7.0 percent.

INFLATION RATE BY FOOD GROUP

Figure 3. Year-on-Year Inflation Rates (%) for Bottom 30% Income Households in Oriental Mindoro by Food Group (2018=100)



Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

In contrast, lower annual increases were noted in the following food groups:

- a. flour, bread and other bakery products and pasta products, 1.2 percent from 1.6 percent;
- b. meat and other parts of slaughtered land animals, 17.0 percent from 22.0 percent;
- c. fish and other seafood, 2.7 percent from 5.1 percent;
- d. oils and fats, 28.0 percent from 30.4 percent; and
- e. sugar, confectionery and desserts, 1.6 percent from 1.9 percent.

The index of ready-made food and other food products n.e.c. retained its previous month's annual growth rate. (Figure 3 and Table 3)

Main Contributors to Food Inflation

Food inflation contributed 21.4 percent or 0.68 percentage point to the April 2025 overall inflation of the bottom 30% income households.

Among the food groups, the main contributors to the food inflation during the month were the following:

- a. meat and other parts of slaughtered land animal with 185.3 percent share or 2.78 percentage points;
- b. fruits and nuts with 43.9 percent share or 0.66 percentage point; and
- c. vegetables, tubers, plantains, cooking bananas and pulses with 39.1 percent share or 0.59 percentage point.

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(Chief Administrative Officer)

Officer-in-Charge

Oriental Mindoro Provincial Statistical Office



**Table 3. Consumer Price Index for Bottom 30% Income Households by Subgroup,
Month-on-Month and Year-on-Year Percent Changes in Oriental Mindoro
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	CPI			Inflation Rates	
	Apr 2024	Mar 2025	Apr 2025	Month-on-Month	Year-on-Year
ALL ITEMS	137.7	141.9	142.1	0.1	3.2
I. FOOD AND NON-ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES	121.1	123.2	123.1	-0.1	1.7
* Food	121.2	123.2	123.0	-0.2	1.5
Cereals and Cereal Products	111.3	101.1	101.1	0.0	-9.2
Cereals	111.2	98.6	98.7	0.1	-11.2
Rice	110.9	98.2	98.3	0.0	-11.4
Corn	153.5	156.4	158.6	1.4	3.3
Flour, Bread and Other Bakery Products, Pasta Pro	111.9	113.4	113.2	-0.2	1.2
Meat and Other Parts of Slaughtered Land Animals	137.2	160.6	160.5	-0.1	17.0
Fish and Other Seafood	131.9	137.9	135.4	-1.8	2.7
Milk, Other Dairy Products, and Eggs	112.3	115.5	115.3	-0.2	2.7
Oils and Fats	75.0	94.8	96.0	1.3	28.0
Fruits and Nuts	136.6	147.0	157.5	7.1	15.3
Vegetables, Tubers, Cooking Bananas and Pulses	116.7	128.6	125.7	-2.3	7.7
Sugar, Confectionery and Desserts	139.9	141.8	142.1	0.2	1.6
Ready-Made Food and Other Food Products N.E.C.	138.6	144.1	144.5	0.3	4.3
* Non-alcoholic Beverages	118.7	123.4	124.6	1.0	5.0
II. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES AND TOBACCO	407.2	458.8	459.0	0.0	12.7
Alcoholic Beverages	174.3	184.3	184.8	0.3	6.0
Tobacco	579.0	661.1	661.1	0.0	14.2
Other Vegetable-Based Tobacco Products					
NON-FOOD	144.2	148.5	149.2	0.5	3.5
III. CLOTHING AND FOOTWEAR	124.6	126.6	126.7	0.1	1.7
Clothing	125.9	127.9	128.0	0.1	1.7
Footwear	118.4	120.5	120.5	0.0	1.8
IV. HOUSING, WATER, ELECTRICITY, GAS AND OTH	158.6	169.1	171.5	1.4	8.1
Actual Rentals for Housing	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Maintenance, Repair and Security of the Dwelling	119.8	120.9	120.9	0.0	0.9
Water Supply and Miscellaneous Services Relating to	100.3	100.3	100.3	0.0	0.0
Electricity, Gas and Other Fuels	165.1	177.0	179.8	1.6	8.9
V. FURNISHINGS, HOUSEHOLD EQUIPMENT AND	124.6	125.0	124.9	-0.1	0.2
Furniture and Furnishings, and Loose Carpets	110.1	110.0	110.0	0.0	-0.1
Household Textiles	119.7	121.1	121.6	0.4	1.6
Household Appliances	113.7	114.7	114.7	0.0	0.9
Glassware, Tableware and Household Utensils	117.3	121.2	121.2	0.0	3.3
Tools and Equipment for House and Garden	115.8	117.9	117.9	0.0	1.8
Goods and Services for Routine Household Maintenan	128.1	128.3	128.2	-0.1	0.1
VI. HEALTH	126.5	127.6	127.7	0.1	0.9
Medicines and Health Products	122.9	124.4	124.5	0.1	1.3
Outpatient Care Services	183.8	183.8	183.8	0.0	0.0
Inpatient Care Services	134.5	134.5	134.5	0.0	0.0
Other Health Services	0.0	0.0	0.0		
VII. TRANSPORT	142.3	137.0	135.6	-1.0	-4.7
Purchase of Vehicles	133.7	135.9	135.9	0.0	1.6
Operation of Personal Transport Equipment	147.5	132.4	128.7	-2.8	-12.7
Passenger Transport Services	139.9	139.9	139.9	0.0	0.0
Transport Services of Goods	0.0	0.0	0.0		

(Continued)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index

**Table 3. Consumer Price Index for Bottom 30% Income Households by Subgroup,
Month-on-Month and Year-on-Year Percent Changes in Oriental Mindoro
(2018=100)**

Commodity Group	CPI			Inflation Rates	
	Apr 2024	Mar 2025	Apr 2025	Month-on-Month	Year-on-Year
VIII. INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION	103.7	103.3	103.3	0.0	-0.4
Information and Communication Equipment	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Information and Communication Services	103.7	103.3	103.3	0.0	-0.4
IX. RECREATION, SPORT AND CULTURE	136.7	142.1	142.1	0.0	4.0
Recreational Durables					
Other Recreational Goods	112.2	110.1	110.1	0.0	-1.9
Garden Products and Pets	190.1	192.7	193.1	0.2	1.6
Recreational Services	123.4	123.4	123.4	0.0	0.0
Cultural Goods	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Cultural Services	108.3	108.3	108.7	0.4	0.4
Newspapers, Books and Stationery	150.9	160.3	160.3	0.0	6.2
Package Holidays	0.0	0.0	0.0		
X. EDUCATION SERVICES	114.5	114.5	114.5	0.0	0.0
Early Childhood and Primary Education	114.5	114.5	114.5	0.0	0.0
Secondary Education	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Tertiary Education	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Education Not Defined by Level					
XI. RESTAURANTS AND ACCOMMODATION SERVICES	155.4	160.4	160.4	0.0	3.2
Food and Beverage Serving Services	155.4	160.4	160.4	0.0	3.2
Accommodation Services					
XII. FINANCIAL SERVICES	144.5	144.5	144.5	0.0	0.0
Financial Services	144.5	144.5	144.5	0.0	0.0
XIII. PERSONAL CARE, AND MISCELLANEOUS GOODS	124.9	127.1	127.1	0.0	1.8
Personal Care	126.9	129.2	129.2	0.0	1.8
Other Personal Effects	107.6	108.4	108.4	0.0	0.7
Other Services	121.9	127.3	127.3	0.0	4.4

(Concluded)

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority, *Retail Price Survey for the Generation of Consumer Price Index*

Technical Notes

Consumer Price Index is an indicator of the change in the average prices of a fixed basket of goods and services commonly purchased by households relative to a base year.

- Market Basket is a sample of goods and services, which is meant to represent the totality of all the goods and services purchased by households relative to a base year.
 - To determine the commodities that will form the market basket for the 2018-based CPI, the Survey of Key Informants (SKI) was conducted in March 2021. The survey, which was conducted nationwide to store managers, sellers or proprietors, obtained information on the most commonly purchased of goods and availed of services by the households.
 - The commodities in the 2018-based CPI market basket are grouped/classified according to the 2020 Philippine Classification of Individual Consumption According to Purpose (PCOICOP) which is based on the United Nations COICOP. Meanwhile, the commodities in the 2012-based CPI market basket used the 2009 PCOICOP version of classification of commodities.
- Base year is a reference period, usually a year, at which the index number is set to 100. It is the reference point of the index number series. The CPI is rebased from base year 2012 to base year 2018.
- Inflation Rate is the annual rate of change or the year-on-year change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
- Purchasing Power of Peso is a measure of the real value of the peso in a given period relative to a chosen reference period. It is computed by getting the reciprocal of the CPI and multiplying the result by 100

$$\text{Inflation Rate}_{(\text{reference month, reference year})} = \frac{[\text{CPI}_{(\text{reference month, reference year})} - \text{CPI}_{(\text{reference month, previous year})}] / \text{CPI}_{(\text{reference month, previous year})}] \times 100\%}{100\%}$$

For example,

$$\begin{aligned} \text{INFLATION RATE}_{(\text{Apr } 2025)} &= \frac{[\text{CPI}_{(\text{Apr } 2025)} - \text{CPI}_{(\text{Apr } 2024)}] / \text{CPI}_{(\text{Apr } 2024)}}{100\%} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{[142.1 - 137.7] / 137.7}{100\%} \times 100\% \\ &= \frac{4.4}{137.7} \times 100\% \\ &\approx 3.2 \end{aligned}$$